## § 1427.16

## § 1427.16 Movement and protection of warehouse-stored cotton.

- (a) CCC may insure or reinsure stored cotton against any risk, or otherwise take an action it deems necessary to protect the interest therein of CCC.
- (b) A producer may transfer cotton loan collateral subject to the following conditions:
- (1) The cotton is represented by an electronic warehouse receipt;
- (2) The request is submitted by a producer or a properly designated agent of the producer:
- (3) The transfer is agreed to by the receiving warehouse operator;
- (4) The CCC marketing assistance loan that is secured by such cotton matures at least 30 days after the date on which the request for the transfer is submitted to CCC; and
- (5) Any charges, fees, costs, or expenses incident to the transfer of cotton loan collateral under this paragraph must be paid by the requestor of the transfer.
- (c) CCC will exclude from the calculation of any storage credits payable under §1427.19 the following periods:
- (1) The period during which the cotton is in transit between warehouses;
- (2) Any period beyond 75 days starting from the date of transfer from the shipping warehouse, unless the shipping warehouse is:
- (i) Not in compliance with any of the terms of its Cotton Storage Agreement, (ii) Storing cotton loan collateral outside, or
- (iii) Under common ownership with the receiving warehouse.

[71 FR 51427, Aug. 30, 2006, as amended at 73 FR 65721, Nov. 5.2008]

## §1427.17 [Reserved]

## § 1427.18 Liability of the producer.

(a)(1) If a producer makes any fraudulent representation in obtaining a marketing assistance loan or loan deficiency payment or in maintaining or settling a loan, or disposes of or moves the loan collateral without the prior written approval of CCC, such loan or loan deficiency payment shall be payable upon demand by CCC. The producer shall be liable for:

- (i) The amount of the marketing assistance loan or loan deficiency payment;
- (ii) Any additional amounts paid by CCC for the loan or loan deficiency payment;
- (iii) All other costs which CCC would not have incurred but for the fraudulent representation or the unauthorized disposition or movement of the loan collateral;
- (iv) Applicable interest on such amounts;
- (v) Liquidated damages under paragraph (e) of this section; and
- (vi) About amounts due for a loan, the payment of such amounts may not be satisfied by the forfeiture of loan collateral to CCC of cotton with a settlement value that is less than the total of such amounts or by repayment of such loan at the lower loan repayment rate as prescribed in § 1427.19.
- (2) If a producer makes a fraudulent representation or if the producer has disposed of, or moved the loan collateral without prior written approval from CCC, the value of such collateral will be equal to its loan value, plus accrued interest, plus warehouse charges, and liquidated damages, as determined by CCC.
- (b) If the amount disbursed under a marketing assistance loan, or in settlement thereof, or loan deficiency payment exceeds the amount authorized by this subpart, the producer shall be liable for repayment of such excess, plus interest. In addition, the commodity pledged as collateral for such loan shall not be released to the producer until such excess is repaid.
- (c) If the amount collected from the producer in satisfaction of the marketing assistance loan or loan deficiency payment is less than the amount required under this subpart, the producer shall be personally liable for repayment of the amount of such deficiency plus applicable interest.
- (d) If more than one producer executes a note and security agreement or loan deficiency payment application with CCC, each such producer shall be jointly and severally liable for the violation of the terms and conditions of the note and security agreement or loan deficiency payment application and this subpart. Each producer shall